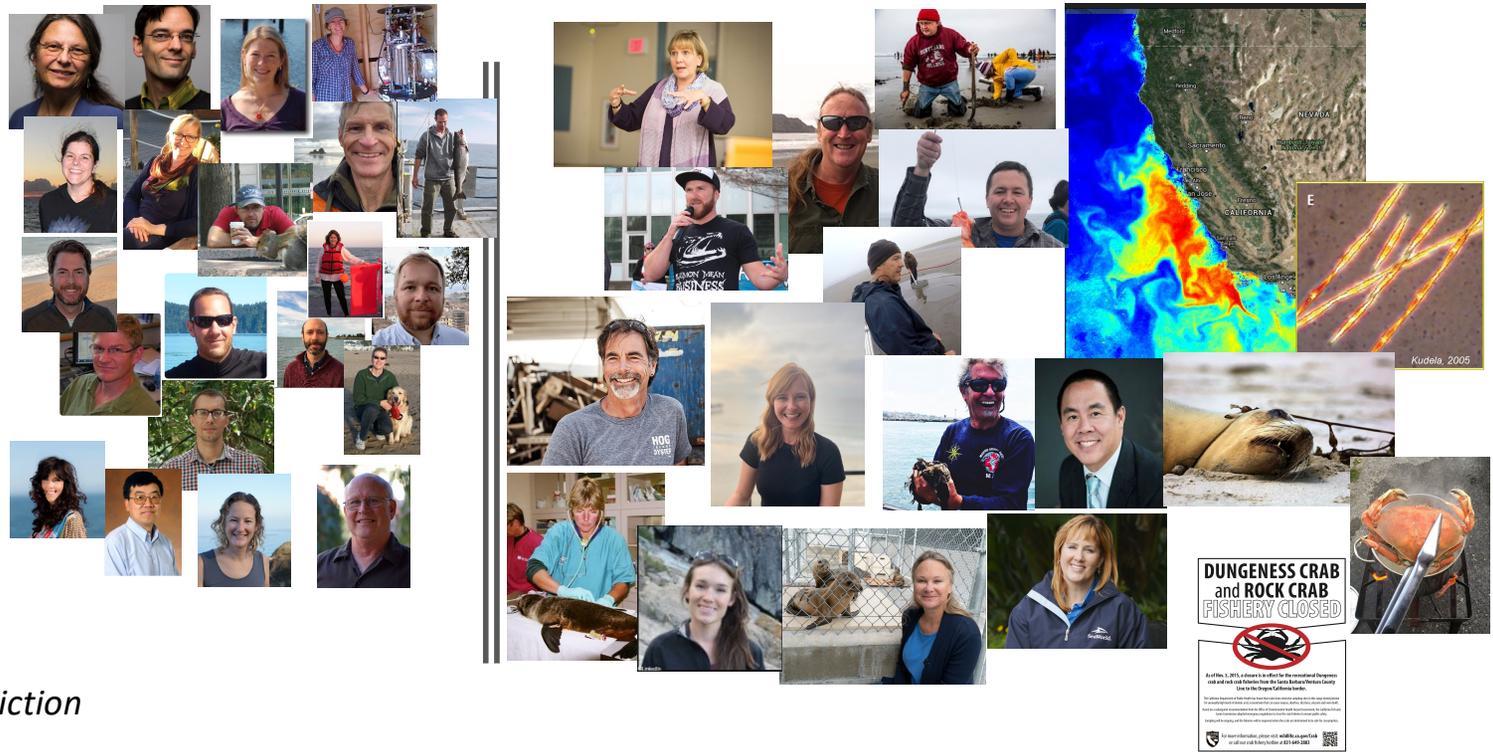
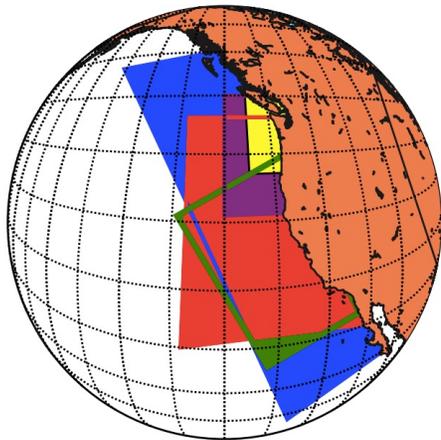


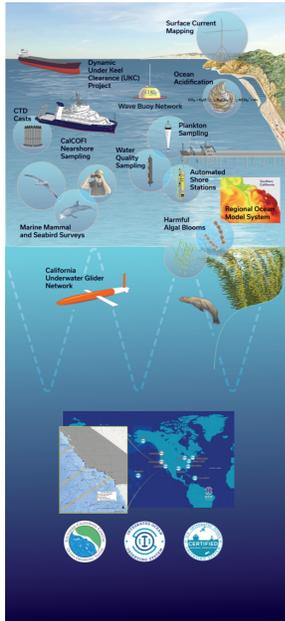
# Developing a HAB Early Warning System for California

Raphael Kudela, Kasia Kenitz, Clarissa Anderson

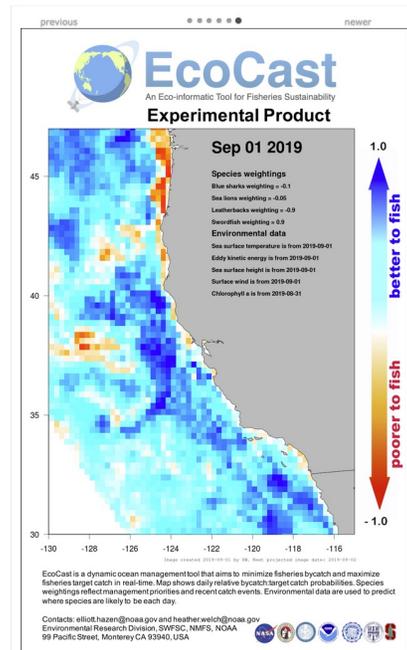


*Modeling, Observations, Prediction*

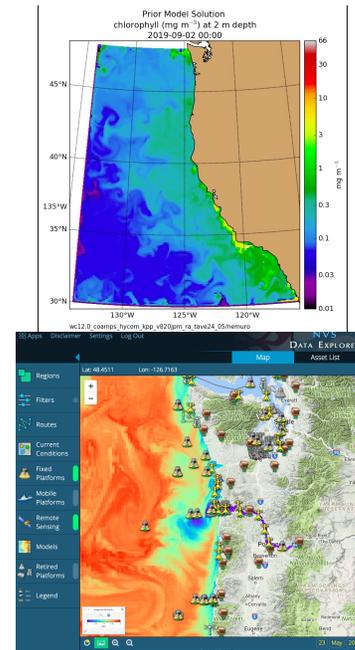
## Observational Impacts in Data Assimilation



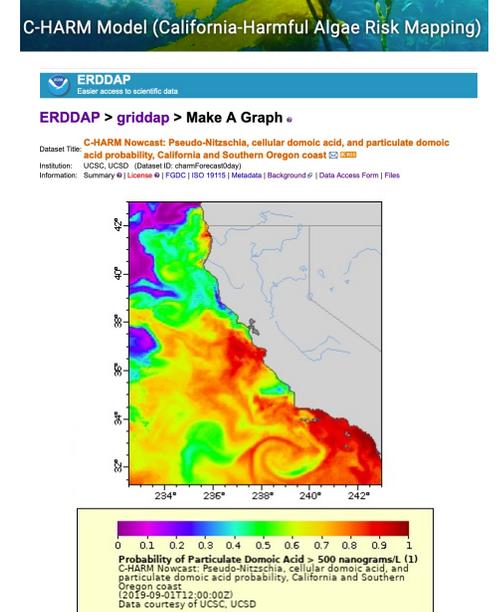
## Fisheries Habitat



## Ocean Acidification & Hypoxia



## Harmful Algal Blooms



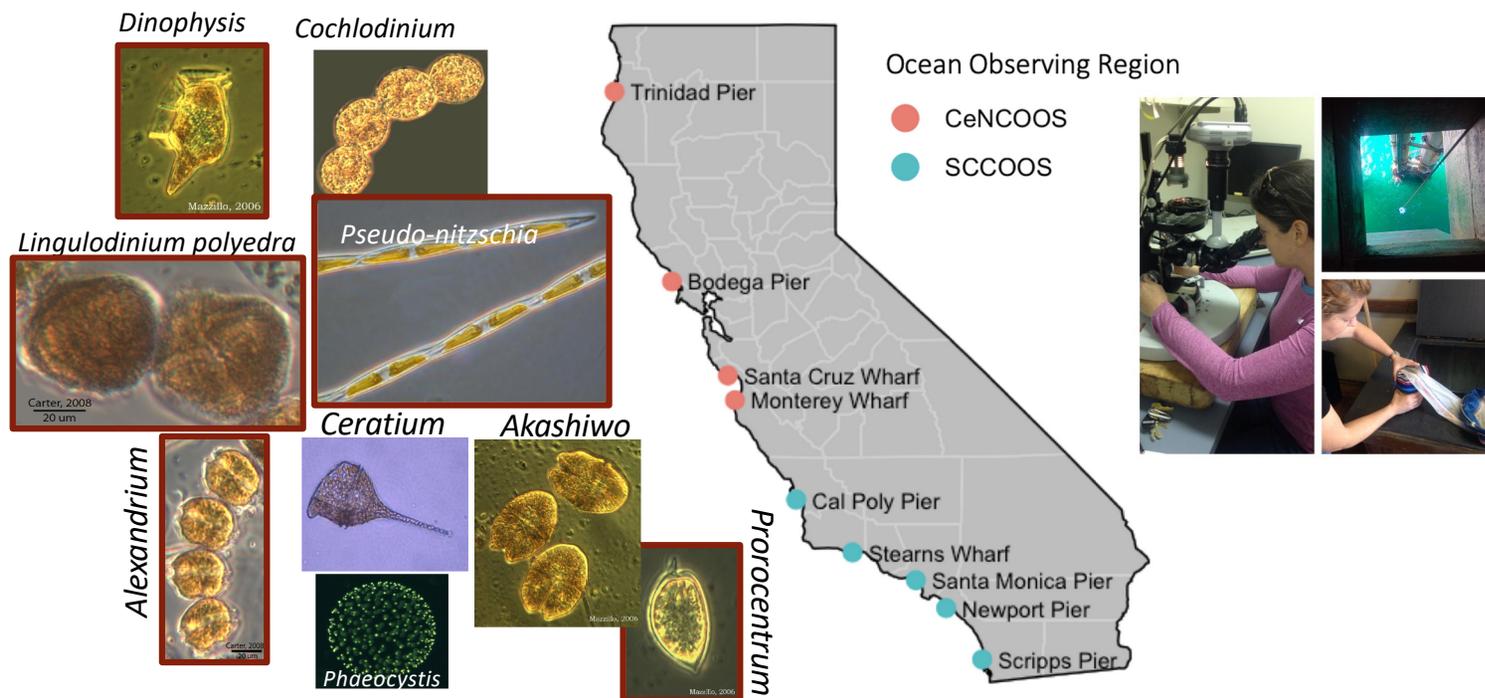
# WC-COMT Stakeholder Workshop – Priority Themes

*Broad participation of end-users and technical practitioners from the entire West Coast*

+++ 38 Participants +++ Across Five Major End-User Sectors

Weekly measurements:

- **HAB spp. (8-9 taxa)**
- Chl-a, Temp, Salinity, **Nutrients**
- **Domoic Acid + SPATT toxins**
- Weekly alerts to HABMAP listserv
- Monthly QC'd data now served via ERDDAP
- Synthesis with models: **CA HAB Bulletin**
- **10 academic institutions**



## HARMFUL ALGAL BLOOM MONITORING & ALERT PROGRAM

*Grass-roots origin in 2008; now fully supported by SCCOOS + CeNCOOS*

Limitations: Only provides a weekly snapshots of a highly dynamic system; \$\$\$ prohibitive to do daily monitoring; toxins and nutrients not even close to real-time; users want forewarning!

# CA IFCB Network

- Close to having 9 IFCBs running in real-time, most at stations with full hydrological sampling suites
- OPC funding phasing out by 2024
- O&M now covered via IOOS/NCCOS support to SCCOOS and CeNCOOS (US HABON Pilot Projects) – funds Melissa Carter & Kasia Kenitz to coordinate operations and data analysis for entire team

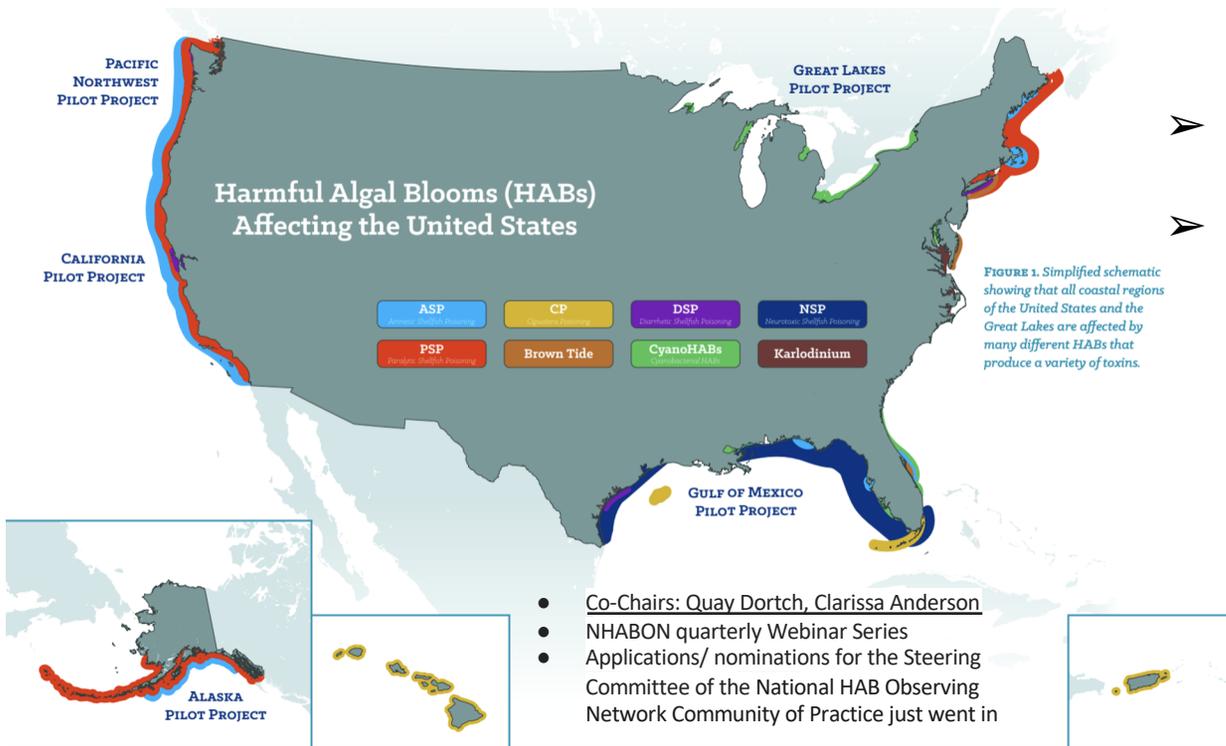
**Left:** IFCBs being built in McLane labs. **Middle:** OPC signage on Scripps Pier. **Right:** IFCB deployed on Scripps Pier in all its glory

## CA IFCB Network



- Ocean Protection Council Proposition 1 Infrastructure Project
- Transitioned to NHABON funds from IOOS and NCCOS





## Regional Expansion

- National HAB Observing Network Implementation & Pilot Projects
- Work with regional pilots to assimilate data content, models, forecasts, and other products into the HAB DAC

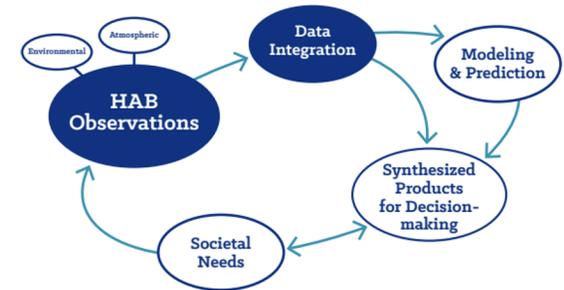


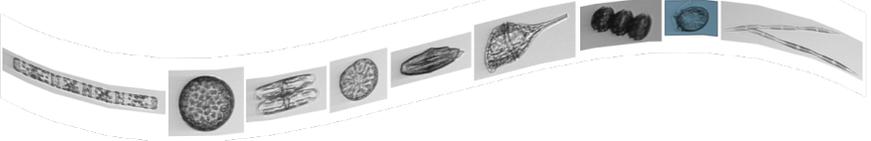
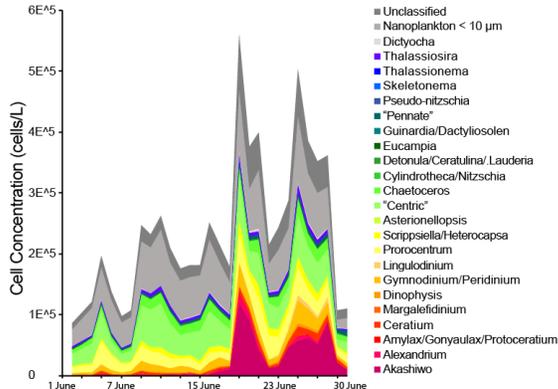
FIGURE 2. HAB observations support early warnings and forecasts that are key to keeping communities safe.



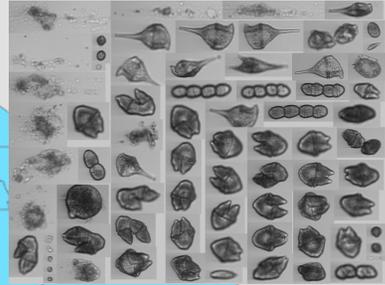
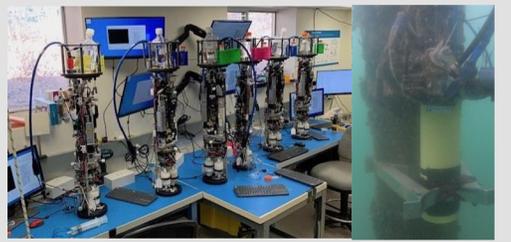
## National HAB Observing Network - Community of Practice

NOAA IOOS and NCCOS funding us to establish a CA IFCB Network pilot project for national capacity development

# CA IFCB Network—Progress



Kudela, Anderson, Ruhl, 2021, *Oceanography*



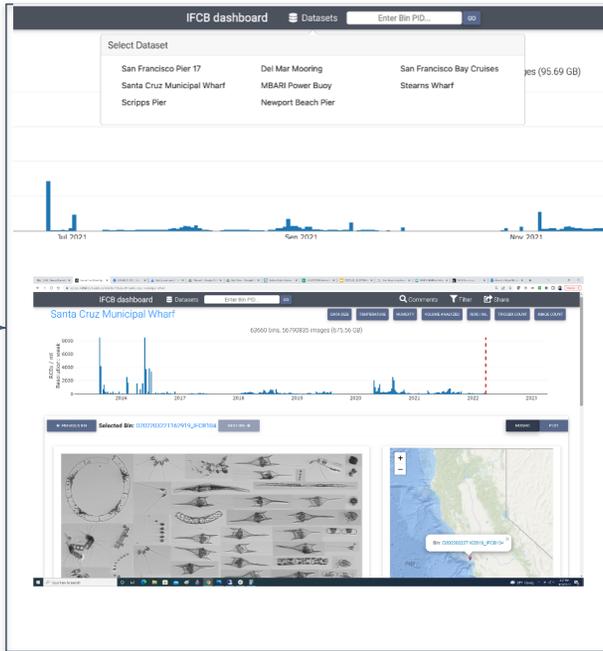
## CA IFCB Network

➤ Ocean Protection Council Proposition 1 Infrastructure Project  
➤ Transitioned to NHABON funds from IOOS and NCCOS





# CA IFCB Data Management – instrument to dashboard



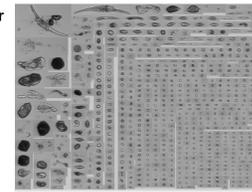
SF Pier 17

Santa Cruz Wharf

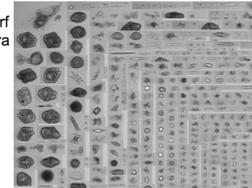
Newport Beach Pier

Del Mar Mooring

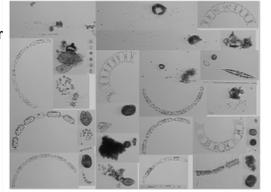
Scripps Pier



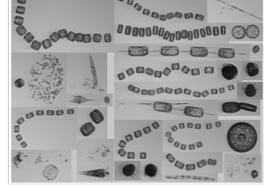
Stearns Wharf  
Santa Barbara



Newport Beach Pier



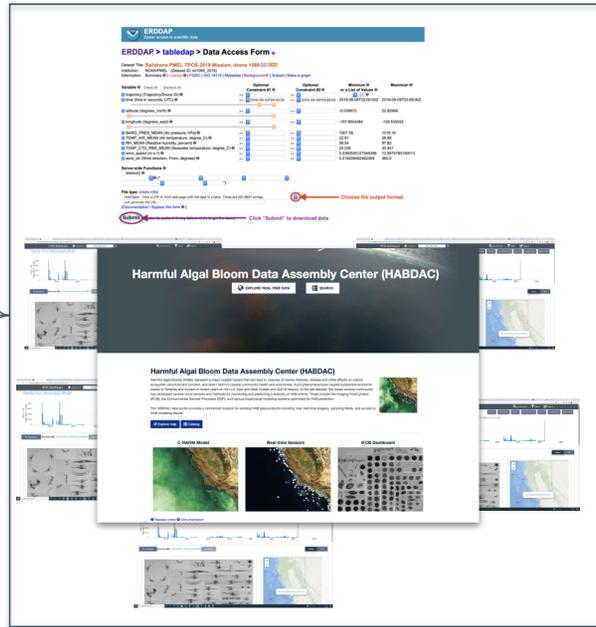
Monterey Bay Power Buoy



## PCM HAB 2020: CA IFCB Network Data Management

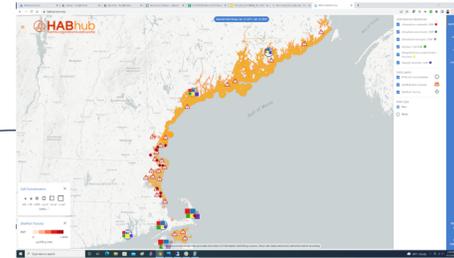
*Axiom Data Science (i.e. Shane St. Savage) working with SCCOOS and each team to push data to the real-time Dashboard and to Axiom servers*

# HAB Data Assembly Center (DAC) Development



The image shows a composite of two web interfaces. The top interface is an ERDDAP Data Access Form for a dataset named 'tabledap - Data Access Form'. It includes a table with columns for 'Variable', 'Description', 'Units', 'Frequency', and 'Resolution'. The table lists various variables such as 'Chlorophyll a', 'Chlorophyll b', and 'Chlorophyll c'. Below the table are options for 'File Size' and 'Download Data'. The bottom interface is the Harmful Algal Bloom Data Assembly Center (HABDAC) website. It features a header with the title 'Harmful Algal Bloom Data Assembly Center (HABDAC)' and a navigation menu. The main content area displays a map of the California coast with data points, and a sidebar with various data visualization options like 'C-Model Model', 'Real-time Network', and 'IFCB Dashboard'.

WHOI, PI Brosnahan, MERHAB



HABhub



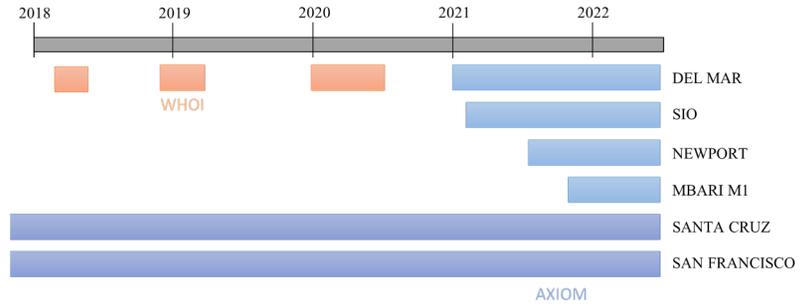
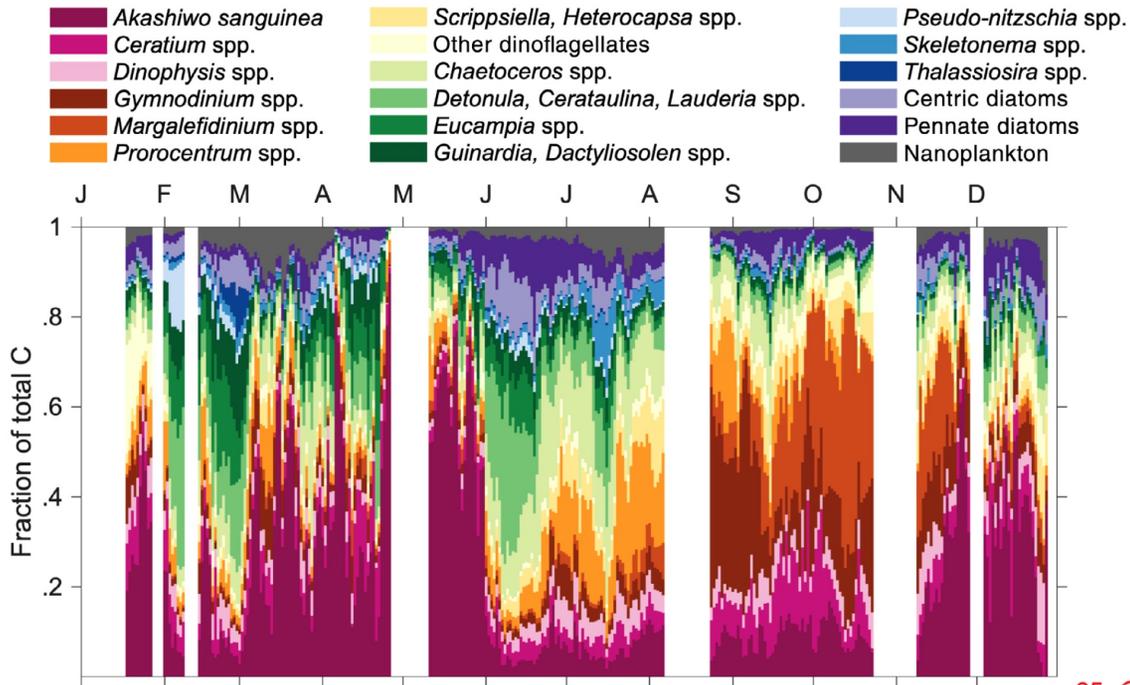
A screenshot of the IFCB Annotate login page. The page has a dark background with a grid of small images. The login form is centered and contains the following elements: a title 'IFCB Annotate', a 'Username' input field, a 'Password' input field, a 'Login' button, and a 'Register' button.



PCMHAB 2020: Harmful Algal Bloom Community Technology Accelerator

*NOAA NCCOS funding us to establish a national  
HAB Data Assembly Center that uses the CA & GoM IFCB Networks as a prototype*

# UCSC Image Database



65M images at SCW, 1.85M images in SFB

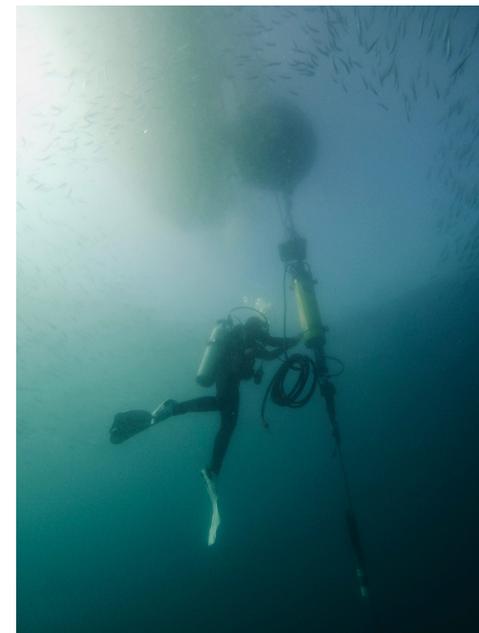
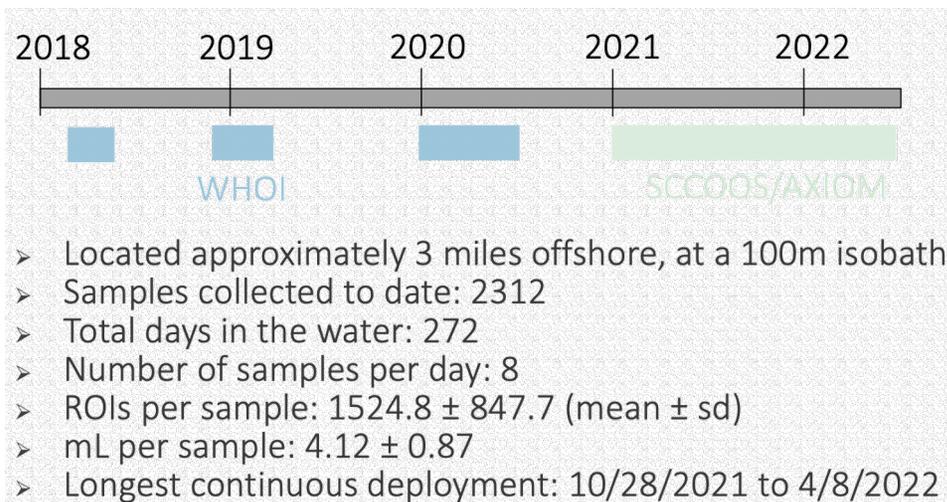
Random Forest Model built with ~112,000 images

- 24 group/genus/species classes
- > 90% of total biomass
- Includes major HAB groups
- ~ 80% accurate

Total of 1,003,334 manual annotations:

- 97 genus/species classes
- Several “super groups”
- Ash, cysts, detritus, etc.

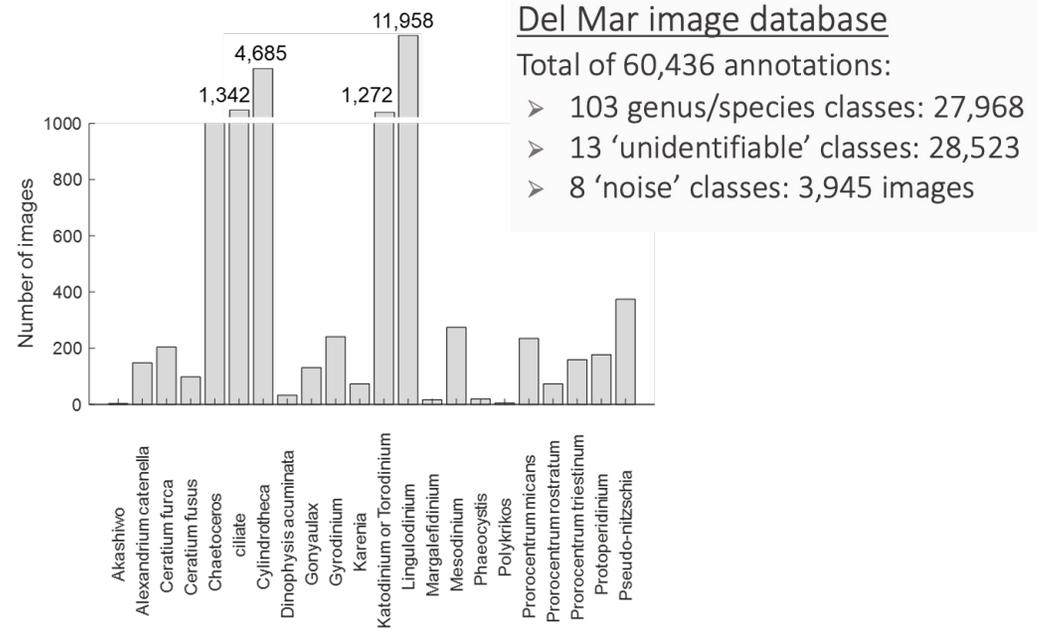
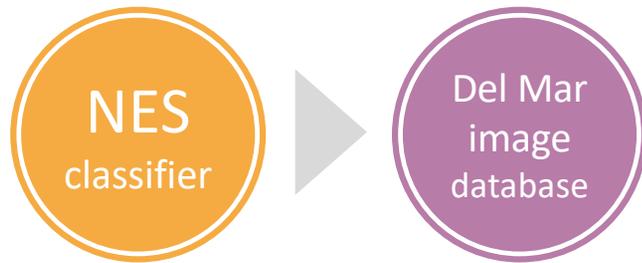
## Del Mar IFCB (“Nelly”)



### PCM HAB 2020: Harmful Algal Bloom Community Technology Accelerator

*NOAA NCCOS funding us to establish a national HAB Data Assembly Center that uses the CA & GoM IFCB Networks as a prototype*

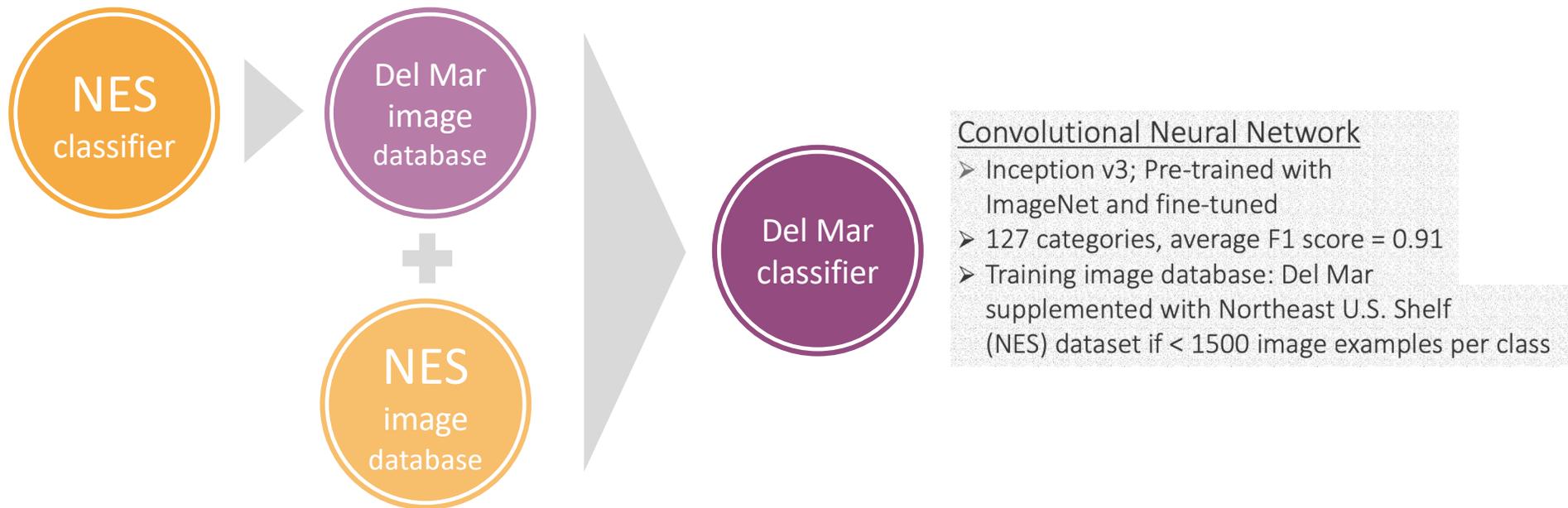
# Del Mar image classification



## PCM HAB 2020: Harmful Algal Bloom Community Technology Accelerator

*NOAA NCCOS funding us to establish a national HAB Data Assembly Center that uses the CA & GoM IFCB Networks as a prototype*

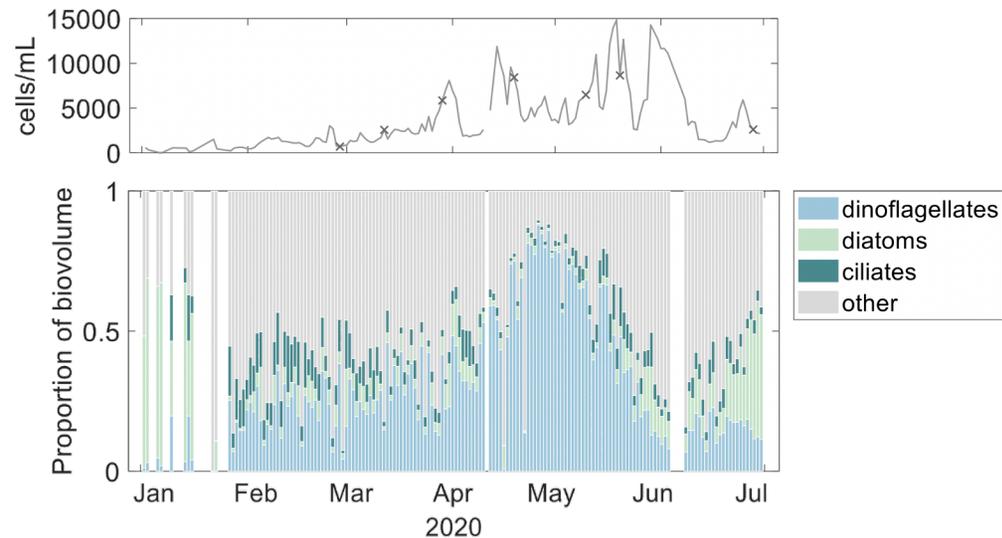
## Del Mar image classification



**PCM HAB 2020: Harmful Algal Bloom Community Technology Accelerator**

*NOAA NCCOS funding us to establish a national  
HAB Data Assembly Center that uses the CA & GoM IFCB Networks as a prototype*

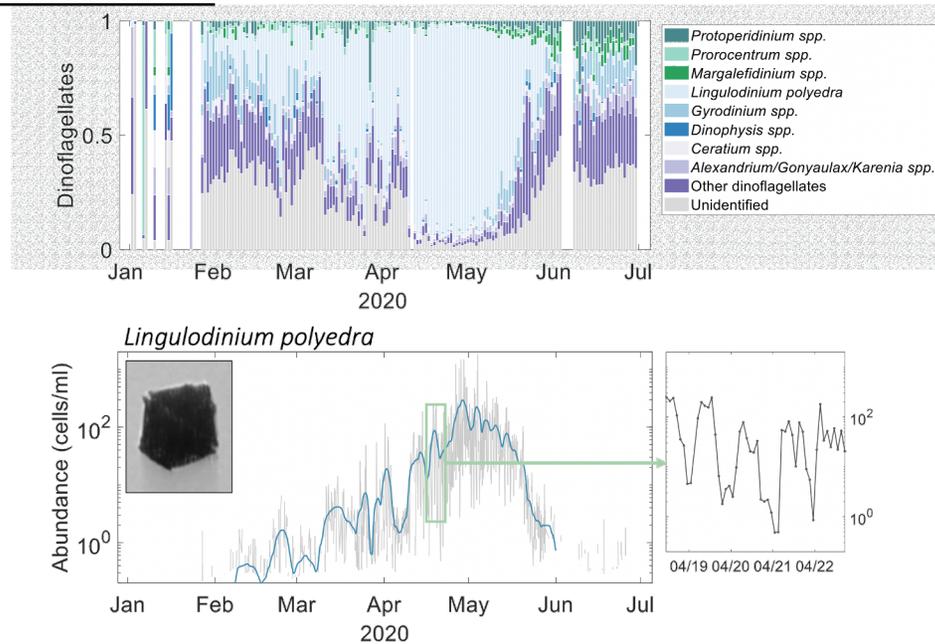
## Del Mar community structure



**PCMHAB 2020: Harmful Algal Bloom Community Technology Accelerator**

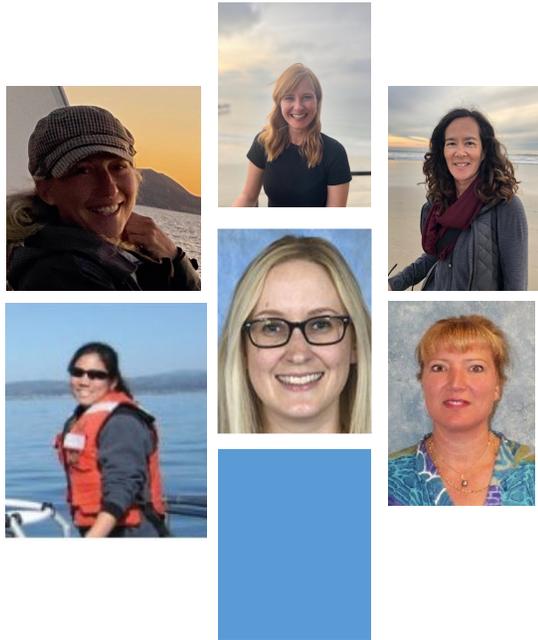
*NOAA NCCOS funding us to establish a national  
HAB Data Assembly Center that uses the CA & GoM IFCB Networks as a prototype*

# Del Mar community structure



**PCM HAB 2020: Harmful Algal Bloom Community Technology Accelerator**

*NOAA NCCOS funding us to establish a national  
HAB Data Assembly Center that uses the CA & GoM IFCB Networks as a prototype*



## IFCB Network annotation effort

- Standardized annotation and classification workflow across all sites
- Image database available for sites without taxonomic expertise
- Centralized automated classification of plankton images for the network

**IFCB Annotate**  
Created at [Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution](#)



### PCMHAB 2020: Harmful Algal Bloom Community Technology Accelerator

*NOAA NCCOS funding us to establish a national  
HAB Data Assembly Center that uses the CA & GoM IFCB Networks as a prototype*

IFCB CLASSIFICATION

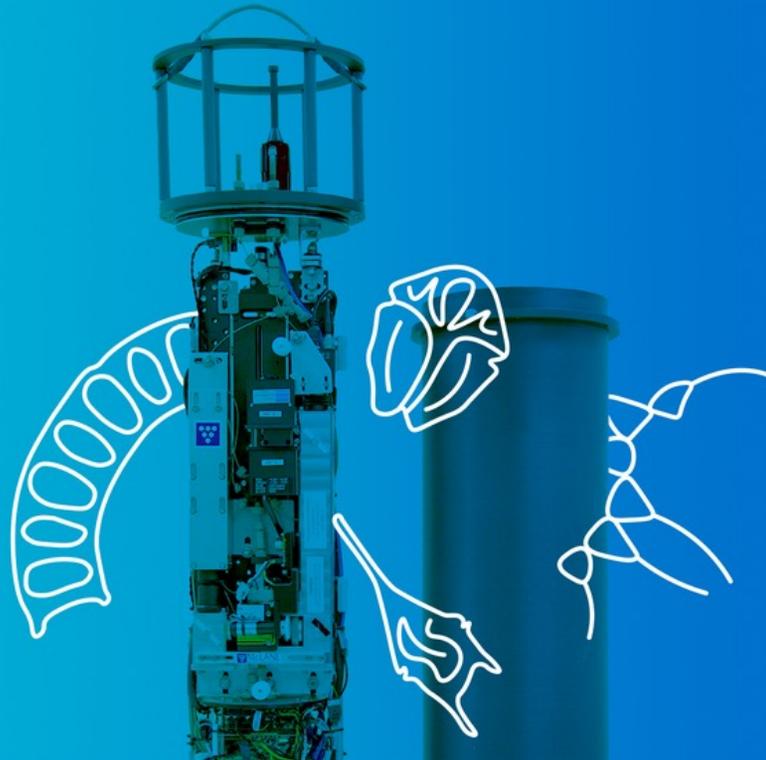
REGISTER LOGIN

## *Dive Into Phytoplankton*

Identify phytoplankton types photographed by a robot! Help us monitor the ever-changing marine environment.

LEARN MORE

CLASSIFY



- Web-based (Python, Docker, PostGres)
- Designed to support community annotation
- Backward compatible with MATLAB (WHOI) toolboxes

# IFCB Network Image Annotation



**SELECT ALL**

**UNDO**

- Karenia
- Leptocylindrus
- Licmophora
- Lingulodinium
- Lio Thal
- Lithodesmium
- Mesodinium
- Microcystis
- Myrionecta
- Nano<10
- Noctiluca
- Odontella
- Oxyp Oxyt
- Paralia
- Pediastrum
- Pennate
- Peridinium
- Phaeocystis
- Plagiolemma
- Pleurosigma
- Pollen
- Polykrikos
- Prorocentrum**
- Protartyropsis
- Protoperidinium

**PROROCENTRUM**

Prorocentrum species are leaf-shaped cells, with crisp cell walls. Not to be confused with Flagellate, which have wonky, undefined walls.

PENN PENN PENN PENN

PENN PENN PENN PENN

PENN PENN PENN PRORO

PRORO PRORO PRORO PRORO PRORO

PRORO PRORO PRORO PRORO PRORO

**SELECT ALL**

**UNDO**

- Coccolithophore
- Cochlodinium
- Corethron
- Cryptophyte
- Cyano Filament
- Cyl Nitz
- Cyst
- Desmid
- Det / Cer / Lau
- Detritus
- Dictyocha
- Dinobryon
- DinoMix
- Dinophysis
- Ditylum
- Dolichospermum
- Entomoneis
- Eucampia
- FlagMix
- Guin Dact
- Gymnodinium**
- Gyrodinium
- Gyrosigma
- Helicotheca

**GYMNODINIUM**

Gymnodinium species are small, elliptical cells, often with a compressed equator. Not to be confused with Cochlodinium species, which are larger and have a less visibly compressed equator.



LAST EDIT →

# Manual Classifications

SCW 2022 08-16 T19:58:42Z Target... HIDE NOTES HIDE INFO

Time Series Year Day File Jump to Target



08-16

+

↻

Opening D20220816T195842..IFCB104.mat

You have chosen to open:  
**D20220816T195842..IFCB104.mat**  
which is: mat File (24.8 KB)  
from: http://odontella.oceandatacenter.ucsc.edu:8000

What should Firefox do with this file?

Open with

Save File

Do this automatically for files like this from now on.

Cancel OK



# Analysis

## SEARCH

Find any image or collection of images with the help of classification filtering, file look-up, and more.

Start

## DOWNLOAD BY CLASS

Download a ZIP file containing all, or a desired subset of, images classified as a particular species.

Start

## ANALYZE COMMUNITY DATA

Check over community scientist classifications, review completion statuses, and download their datasets.

Start

## ANALYZE LAB DATA

Review lab classification files and download the datasets.

Start

# Notebook



AUTHOR +

FILE +

TIMESERIES +

IFCB +

**SCW, D20220316T000858**

**jamiewalton** 2022-05-02

Test note

[Reply](#)

**IFCB104, D20220316T000858**

**AMcG** 2022-03-17

Check on pseudos

[Reply](#)

Target  
00072

**Target 00072**

IFCB104, D20210807T000613

**jamiewalton** 2021-08-10

Does anyone know how this one should be classified? It looks closest to being a noctiluca to me, but I can't tell if that's correct.

[Reply](#)

**AMcG** 2021-10-21

I think this is called Spatulodinium pseudonoctiluca, and I put it in Noctiluca (didn't realize it was a different thing until recently!)

[Reply](#)



Thank you

[kudela@ucsc.edu](mailto:kudela@ucsc.edu)  
[kkenitz@ucsd.edu](mailto:kkenitz@ucsd.edu)  
[clrande@ucsd.edu](mailto:clrande@ucsd.edu)